

CLASS: XIIth

**DATE:** 

**SOLUTION** 

**SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY** 

**DPP NO.: 8** 

# Topic:-organic chemistry - some basic principles and techniques

## 1 (c)

Glycerol can be separated from spent lye in soap industry by the distillation under reduced pressure because it decomposes near its boiling point

## 3 **(b)**

In gas phase tertiary amines are more basic than secondary amines which are more basic than ammonia

-I group present on central atom decreases electron density, hence decreases basicity  ${\rm CH_3NH_2} > N{\rm H_3} > N{\rm F_3}$ 

4 (a)

Atom	At mass $(a)$	% (b)	<u>b</u> a	Ratio
С	12	49.3	$\frac{49.3}{12} = 4.10$	2
Н	1	6.84	$\frac{6.84}{1} = 6.84$	3
0	16	43.86	$\frac{43.86}{16} = 2.74$	1

Hence, empirical formula =  $(C_2H_3O)$ 

Molecular mass =  $2 \times VD = 2 \times 73$ 

= 146

$$n = \frac{\text{molar mass}}{\text{empirical formula mass}} = \frac{146}{43} \approx 3$$

So, formula=  $(C_2H_3O)_3 \approx C_6H_9O_3$ 

Wöhler prepared urea from inorganic compounds and rejected the vital force theory that organic compounds can only be synthesised from living organisms.

### 6 **(c)**

Follow mechanism of addition of HCl and HI in presence of peroxide. One of the chain propagation step is endothermic in both cases.

### 7 **(c)**

All aromatic compounds are resonance hybrid.

#### 8 **(a)**

It is the stability order for various conformers.

#### 9 **(c)**

Glucose has aldehyde group and fructose keto group. The general formula for both is  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ .

11 **(b)** 

Follow conformation.

12 **(b)** 

In o-, m-, p- derivatives vectors are at  $60^{\circ}$ ,  $120^{\circ}$  and  $180^{\circ}$ . Thus, para has zero dipole moment. Also ortho form has more dipole moment than meta form.

13 **(c)** 

The staggered form has lower energy than eclipsed form because of repulsive interaction between the H-atoms attached to two carbon atoms are minimum due to maximum distance between them.

14 **(c)** 

Victor Mayer's method is applicable only for the determination of molecular mass of volatile substance

16 **(d)** 

Hexane is non-polar molecule.

17 **(c)** 

Nucleophilies may be neutral or negatively charged, whereas substrate undergoing nucleophilic substitution may be neutral or positively charged

$$C_2H_5 - I + OH^- \longrightarrow C_2H_5OH + I^-$$

18 **(a)** 

Nucleophilicity increases on going down in the group of the Periodic Table

$$I^{\Theta} > Br^{\Theta} > Cl^{\Theta} > F^{\Theta}$$

19 **(d)** 

Free radicals have unpaired electrons, but are neutrals and are reactive.

$$\stackrel{\bullet}{\mathrm{CH}}_3 + \stackrel{\bullet}{\mathrm{CH}}_3 \longrightarrow \mathrm{CH}_3 \longrightarrow \mathrm{CH}_3$$

ANSWER-KEY										
Q.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A.	С	С	В	A	С	С	С	A	C	A
Q.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
A.	В	В	С	С	В	D	С	A	D	В